and

Some Forestry Related Terms:

Environment: Cevre Local: Yerel Boundary: Sınır Legislation: Yasa Measure: Önlem European Environment Agency (EEA): Avrupa Cevre Ajansı Protection: Koruma Sustainable: Sürdürülebilir Policy maker: Politika belirleyenler Monitoring: İzleme Mapping: Haritalama Director: Müdür Institution: Kurum Environmental priority: Cevresel öncelik Assessment: Değerlendirme Management: Yönetim / planlama Advisor: Danışman Milestone: Eşik Mediterranean region: Akdeniz bölgesi Negotiation: Pazarlık, anlaşma Global organization: Küresel kurum Membership: Üye Implement: Uygulama Evaluate: Değerlendirme **Observation:** Gözlem EIONET: Environment Information **Observation Network** Indicator: Gösterge Pioneer: Öncü Chemical: Kimyasal Competitive: Yarışmacı

European Environment Agency (EEA)

The EEA is an EU agency tasked with providing sound, independent information on environment. the It operates as major information source for those involved in developing. implementing adopting, and evaluating environmental policy, and also the general public.

EEA's mandate is to:

- help the EU and its member countries make informed decisions about improving the environment, integrating environmental considerations into economic policies and moving towards sustainability
- develop and coordinate Eionet, the network of national environmental bodies set up to help the agency.

EEA staff are primarily located at the organisation's headquarters in Copenhagen and include experts on environment and sustainable development, information management and communication.

But the agency also leads the Eionet European environment observation network. which involves over 300 institutions across Europe.

To do this, the agency closely cooperates with the designated national contact (or 'focal') points in participating countries, as well as other national bodies (environment agencies, ministries, etc.) responsible for coordinating Eionet activities on their territory.

Asst. Prof. Uzay KARAHALİL