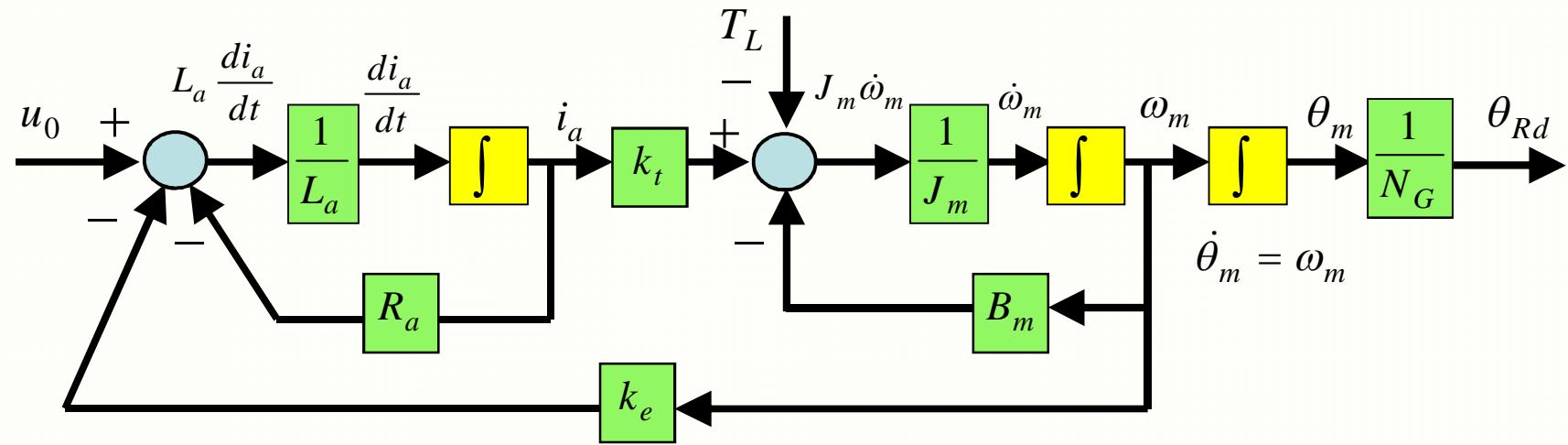


# Engineering Softwares



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61080 Trabzon

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# Engineering Softwares

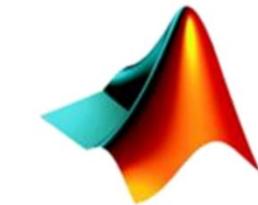
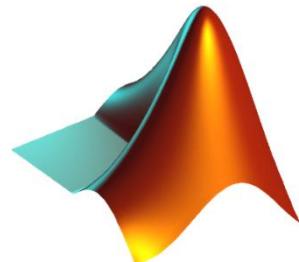
## Chapter 2 – SIMULINK Basics

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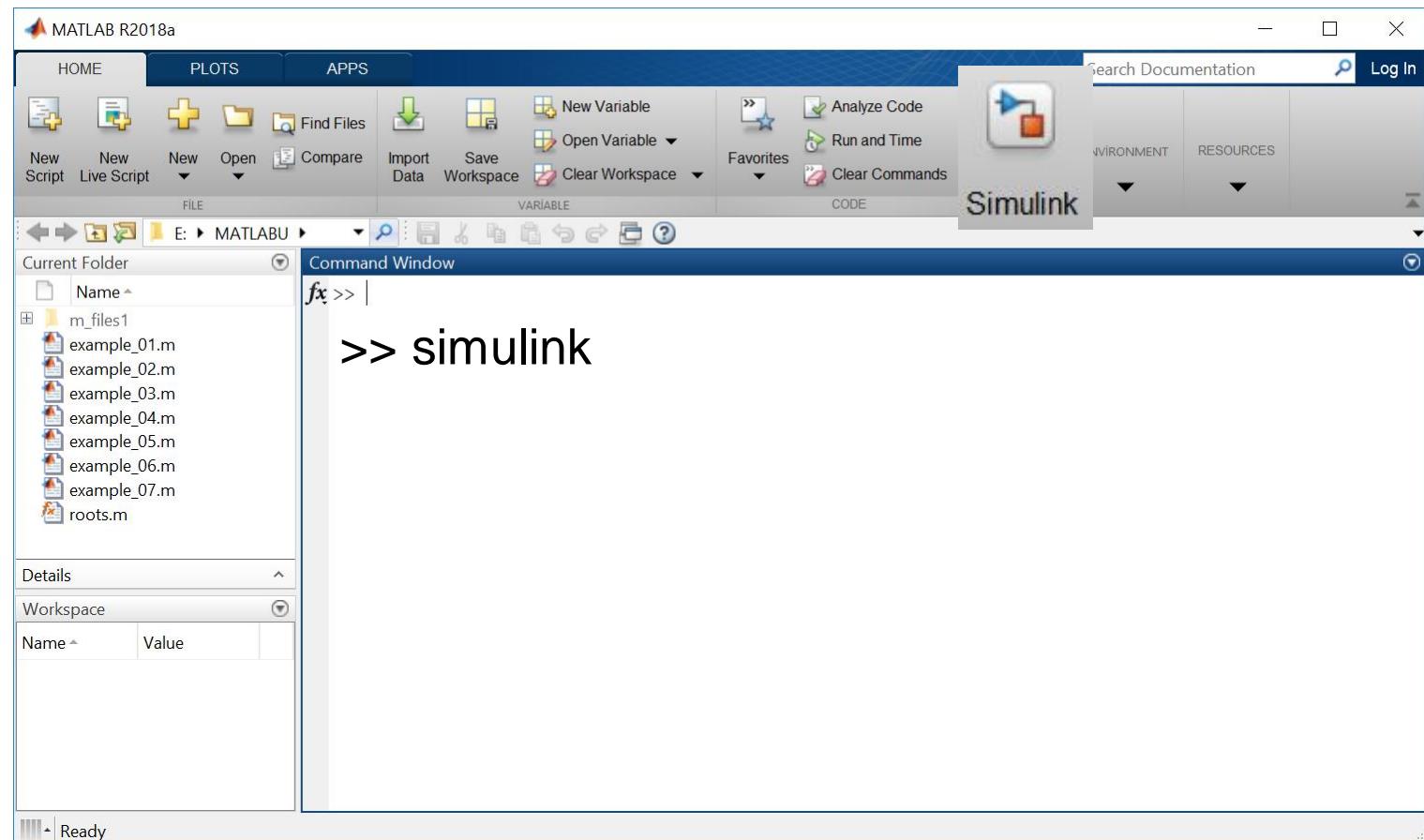


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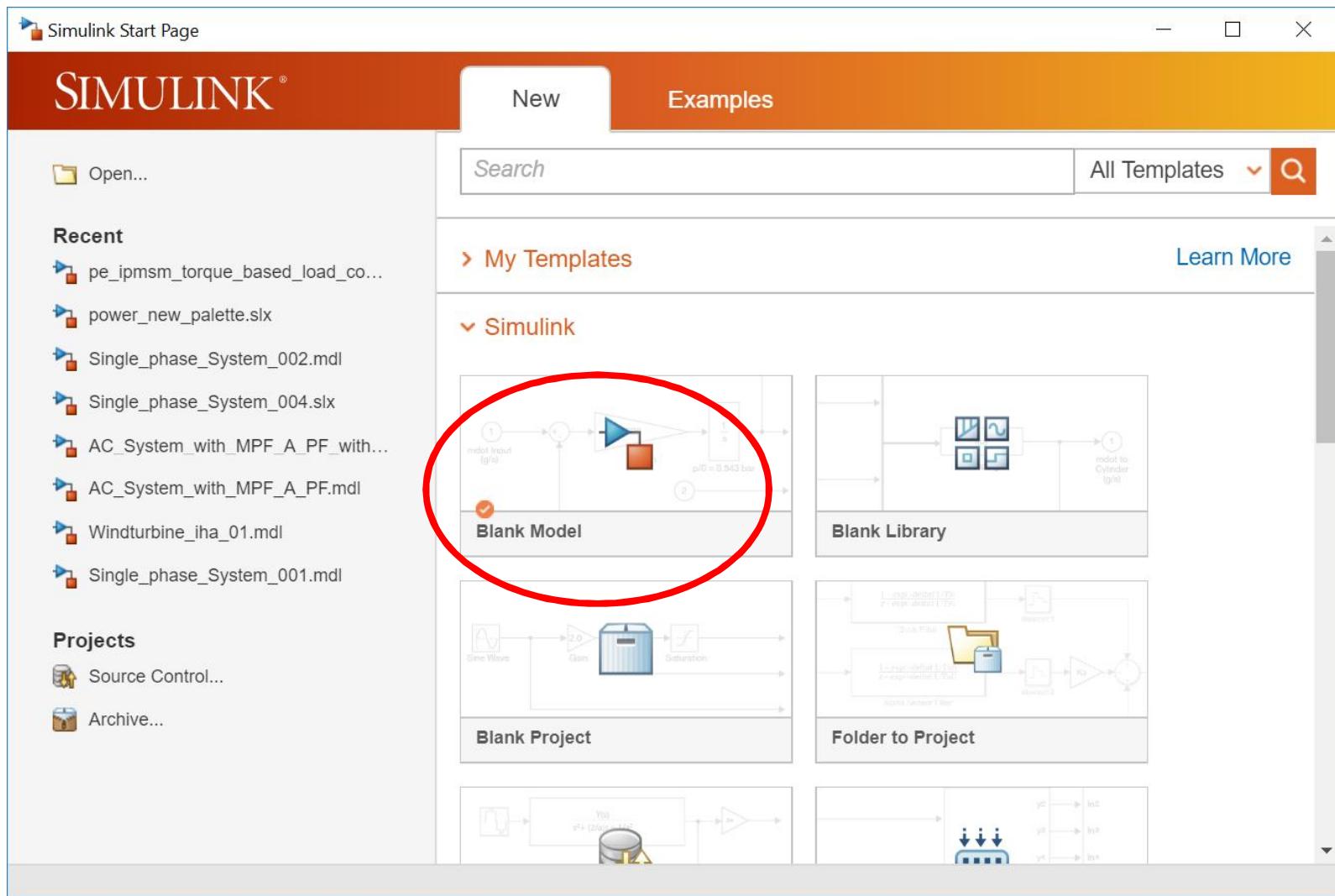


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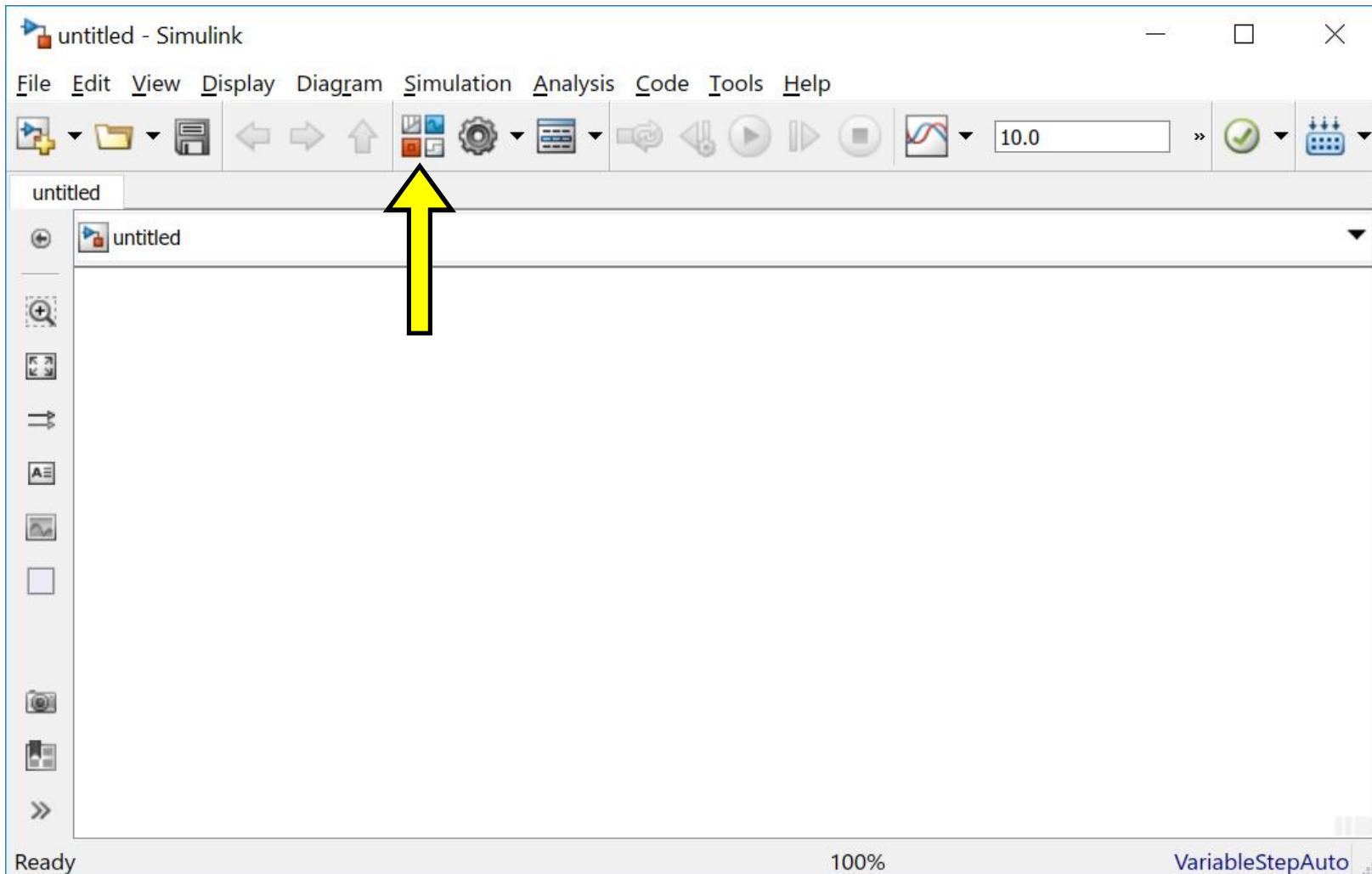


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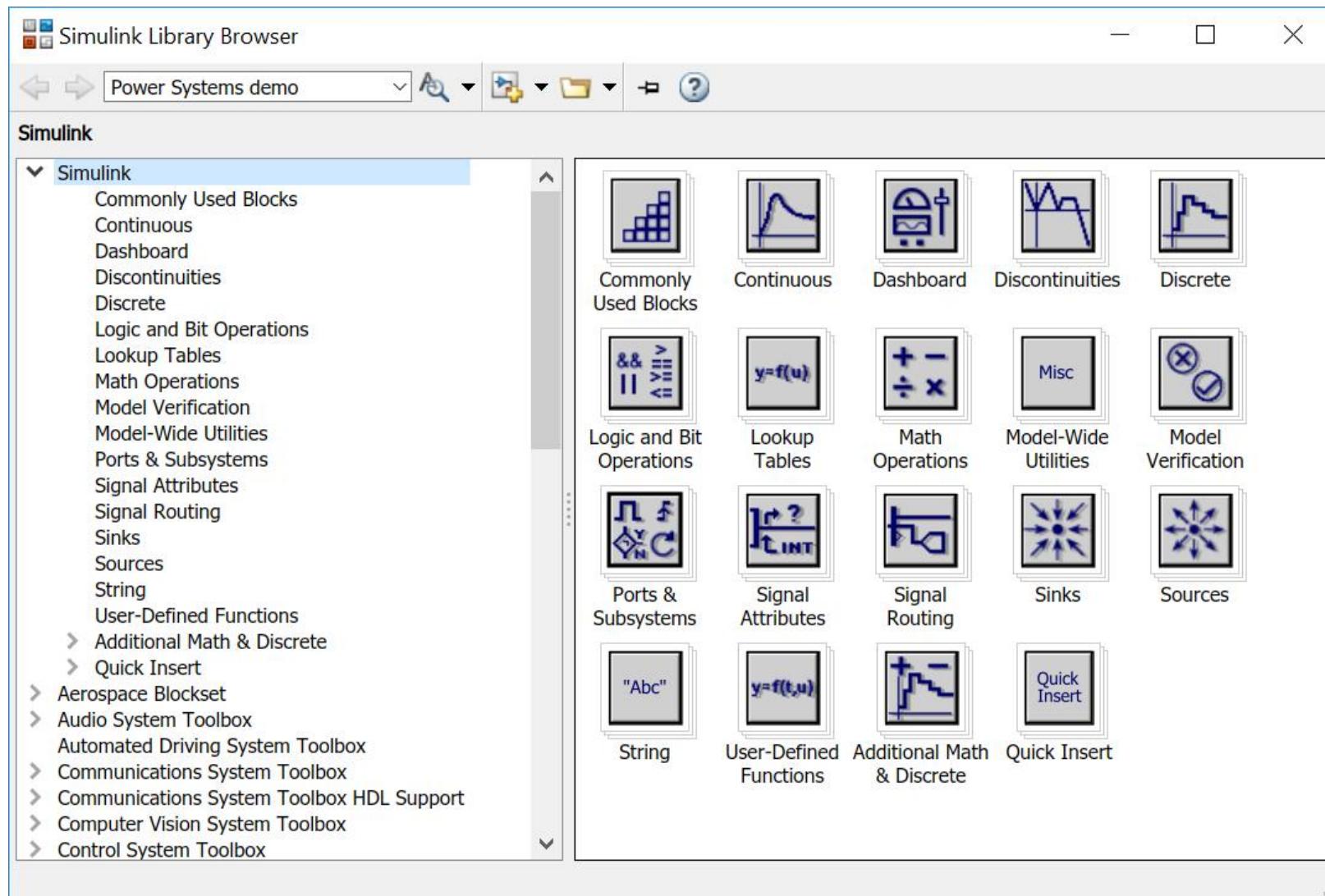


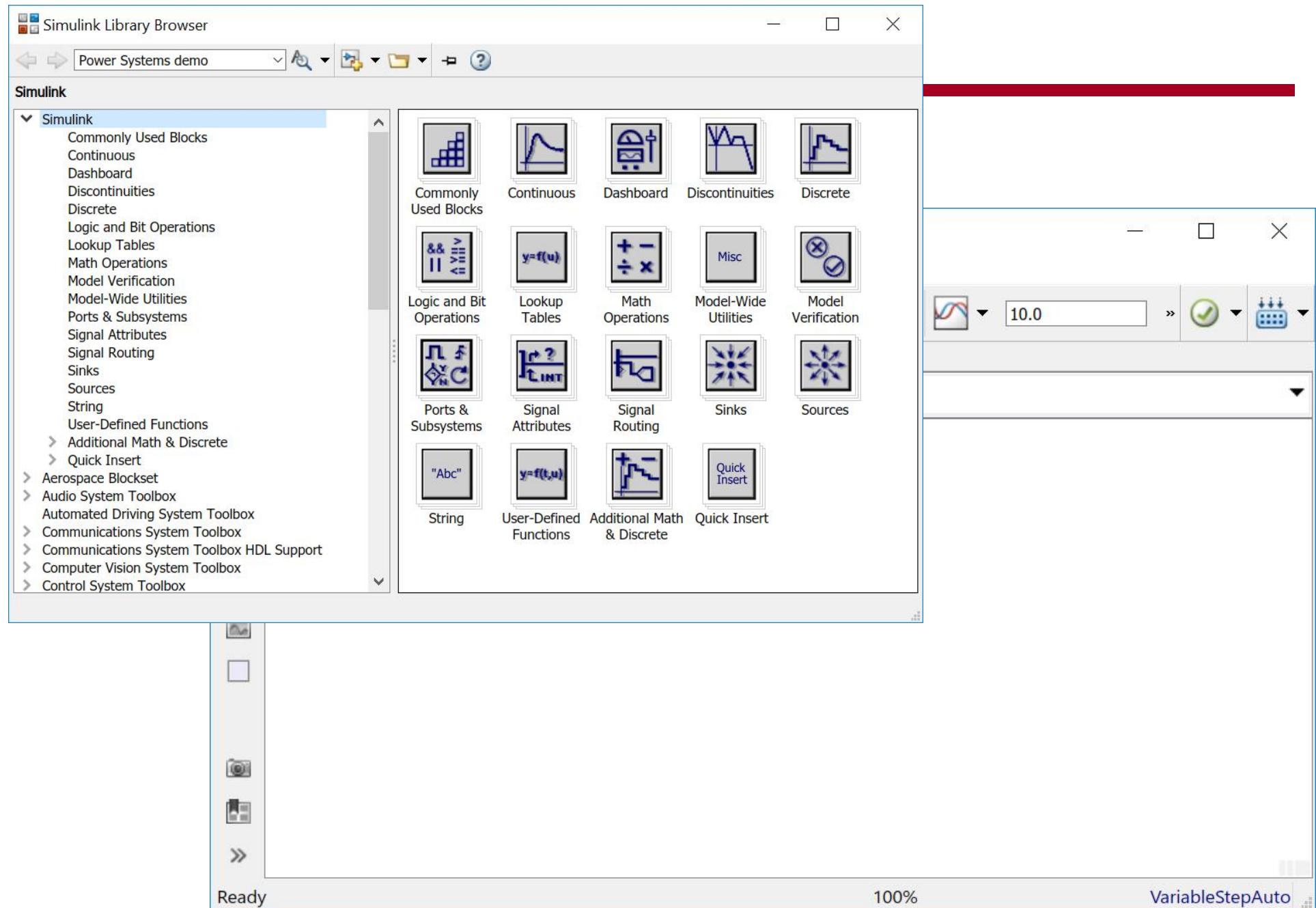
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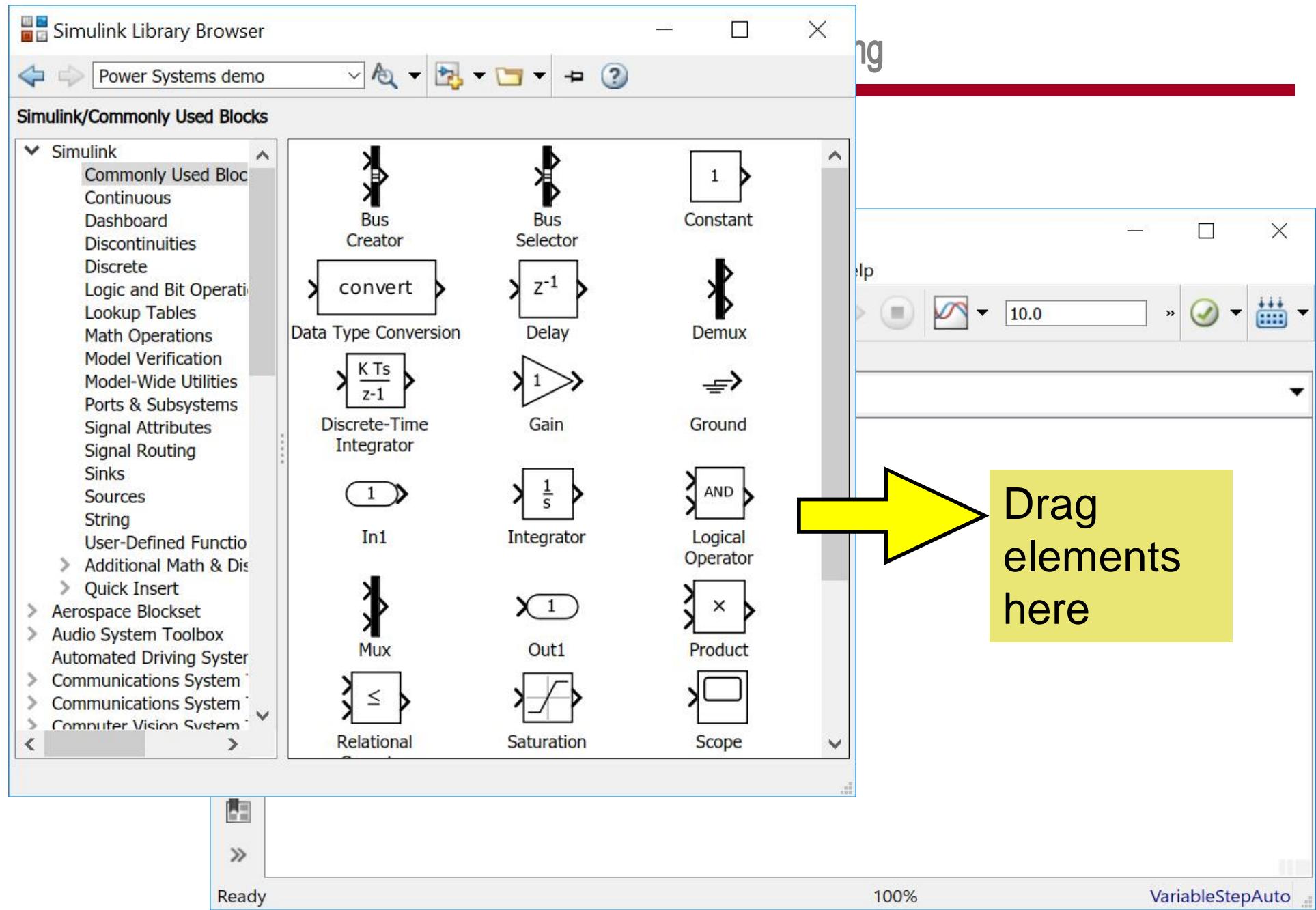




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untitled \* - Simulink

File Edit View Display Diagram Simulation Analysis Code Tools Help

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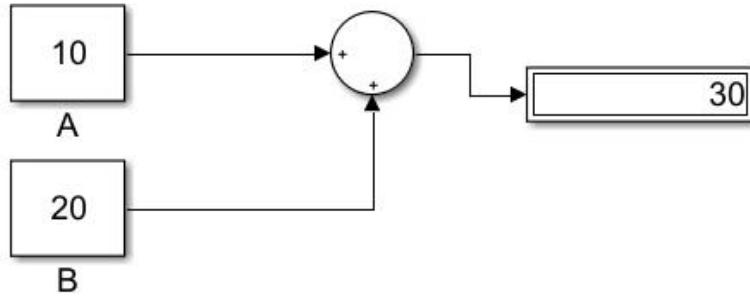
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A screenshot of the MATLAB/Simulink interface. The central workspace shows a grid of block icons representing different mathematical operations and functions. The blocks include: a summing junction with two inputs and a '+' sign; a multiplication block with a central dot; a division block with a cross and a divide symbol; a reciprocal block with a '1/s' label; a unit delay block with a square pulse waveform; a gain block with a '+' sign; a product block with a 'x' sign; an absolute value block with '|u|'; a derivative block with the formula Δu/Δt; a step input block with a rectangular waveform; a summing junction with one input and a '-' sign; a gain block with the number '1'; and a unity gain block with the number '1'. To the left of the workspace is a vertical toolbar containing icons for creating new models, opening files, saving, zooming, and other model management functions. The bottom of the window displays status information: 'Ready', '80%', and 'VariableStepAuto'.

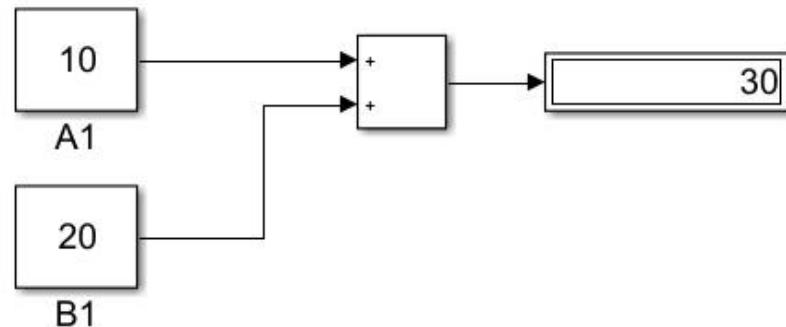
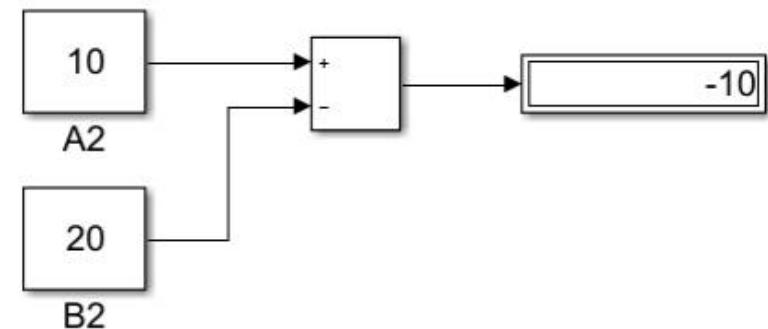


## Simulink as an equation solver

$$C = A + B$$



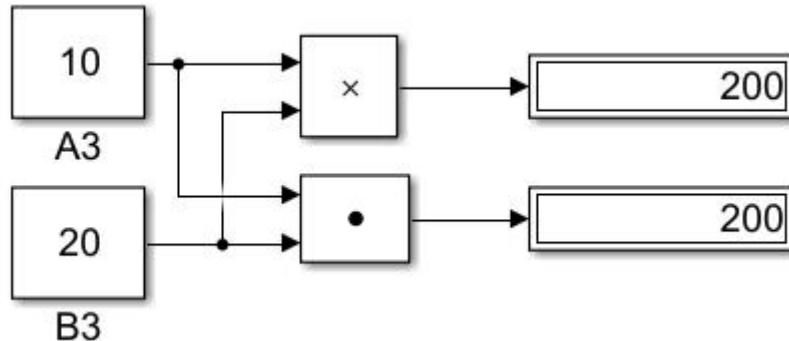
$$D = A - B$$



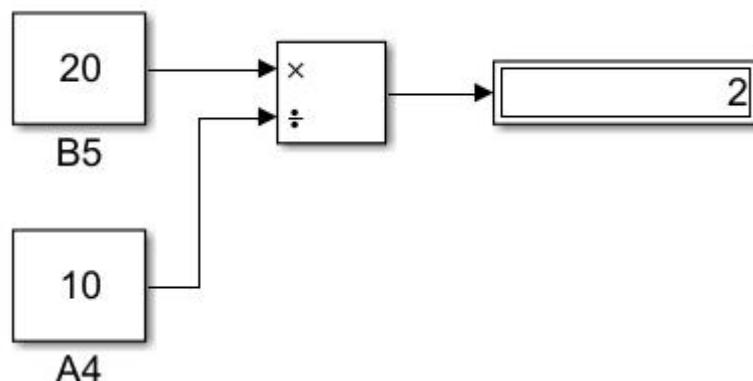
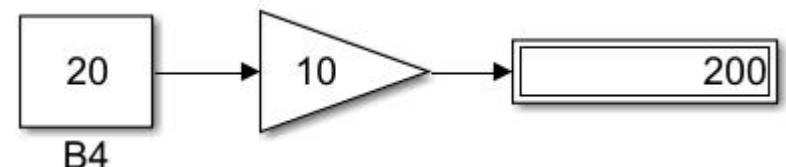


## Simulink as an equation solver

$$E = A \cdot B$$

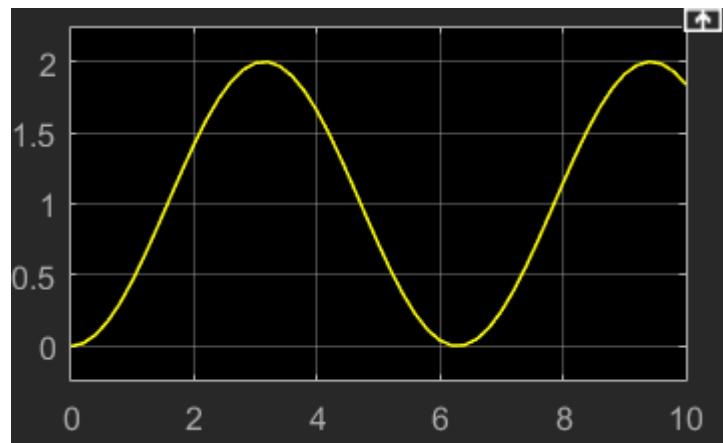
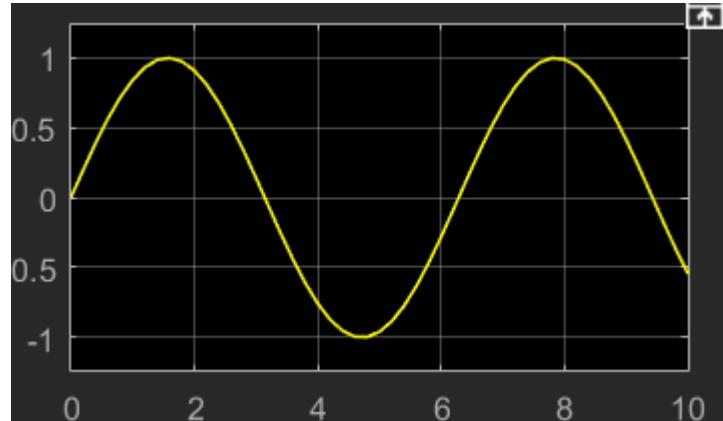
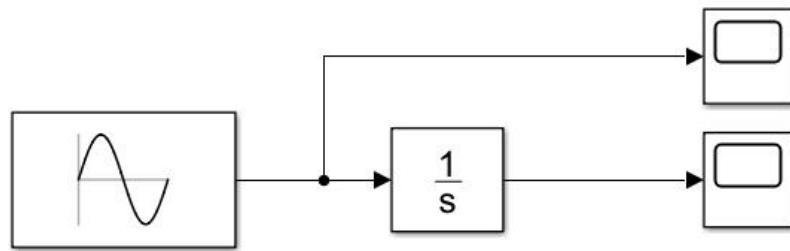


$$F = A / B$$



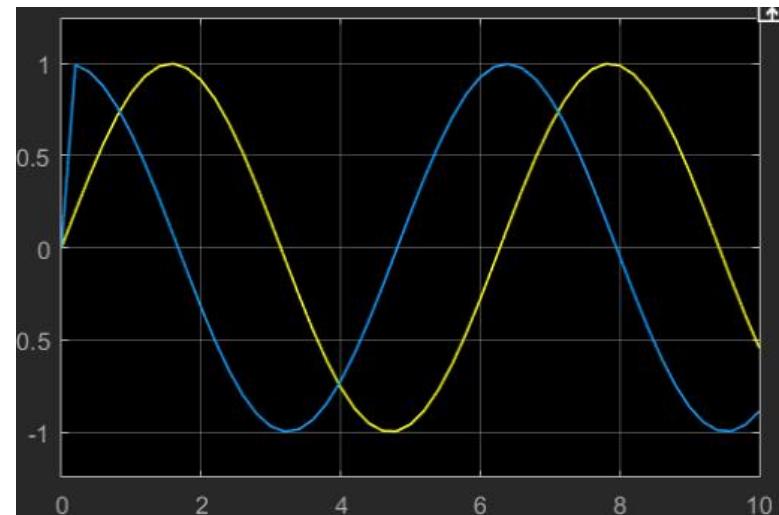
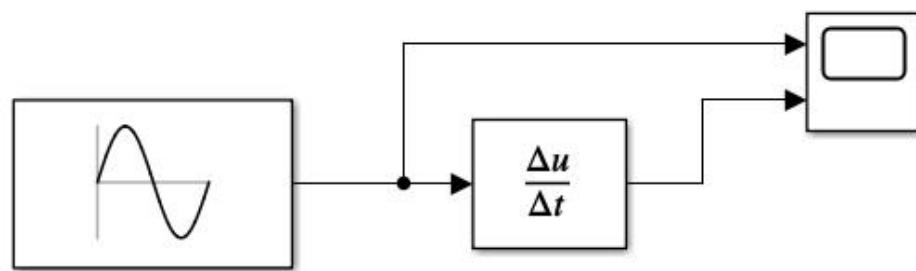
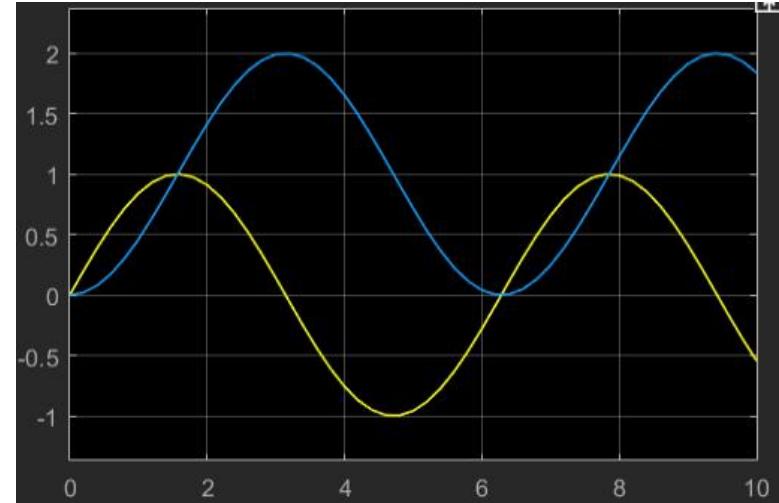
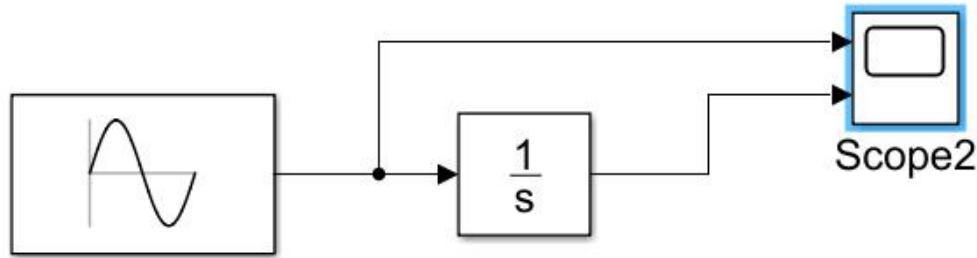


## Simulink as an equation solver





## Simulink as an equation solver

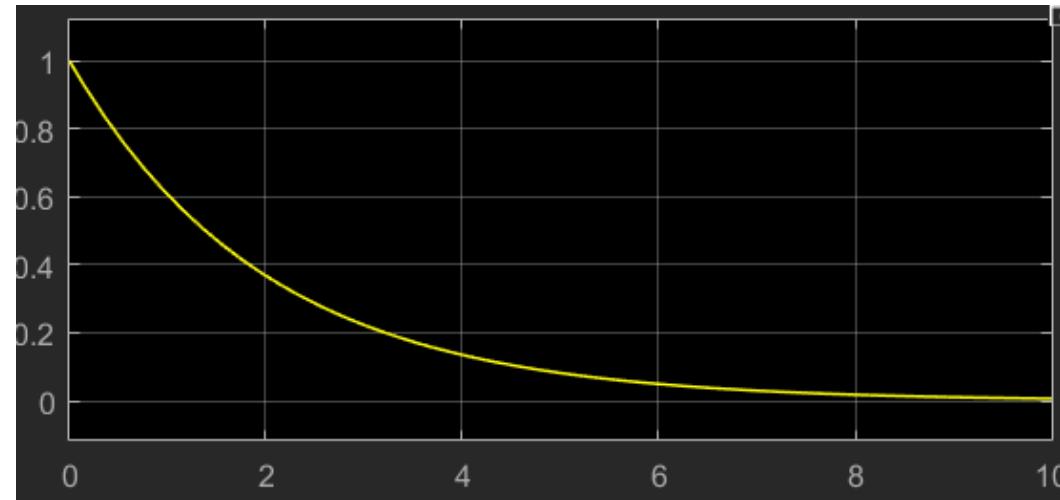
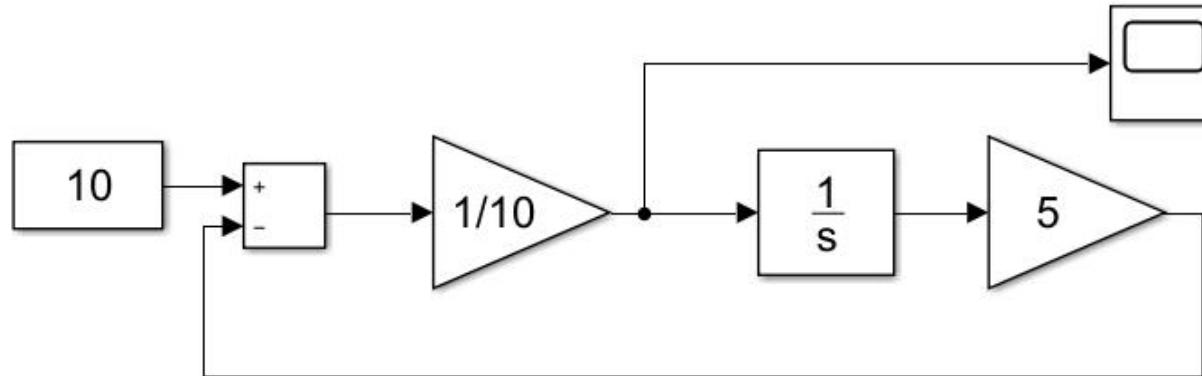




## Simulink as an equation solver

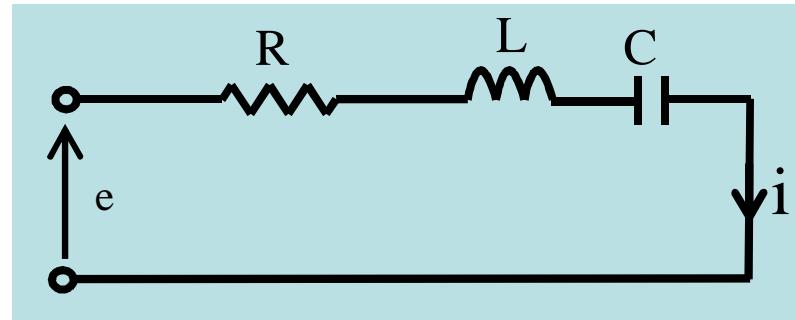
$$10 = 10x(t) + 5 \int x(t) dt$$

$$10x(t) = 10 - 5 \int x(t) dt$$





Example



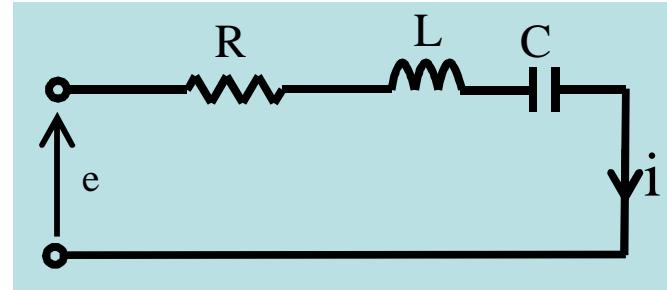
Simulate the series connected RLC circuit and plot the time response of the current  $i(t)$

$$e = Ri + L \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{C} \int i dt$$

$$L \frac{di}{dt} = e - Ri - \frac{1}{C} \int i dt$$

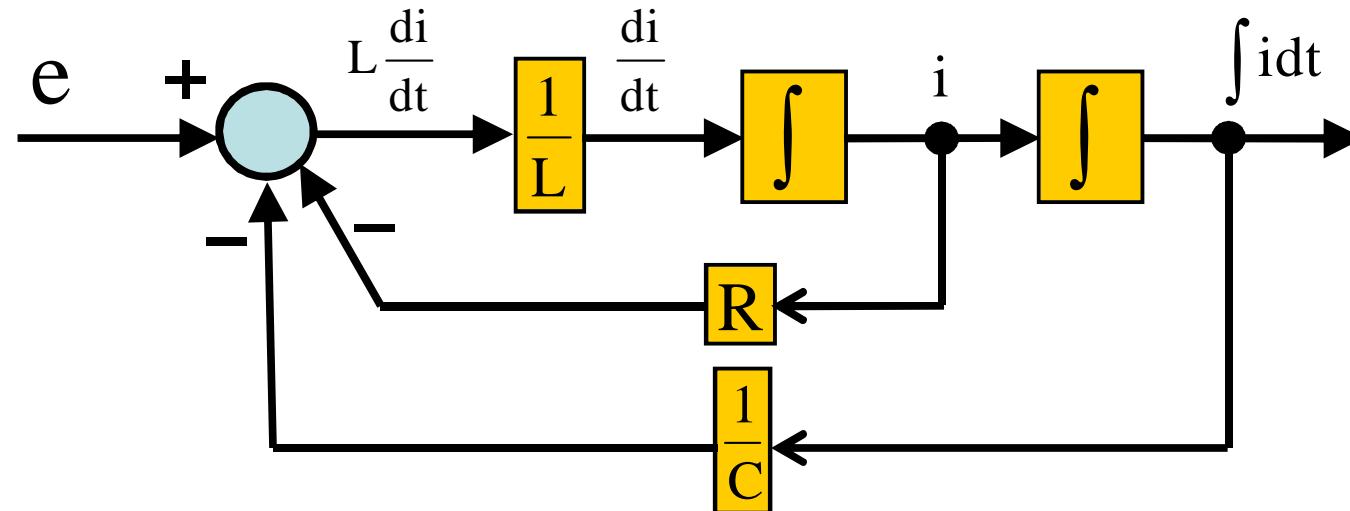


Example 6



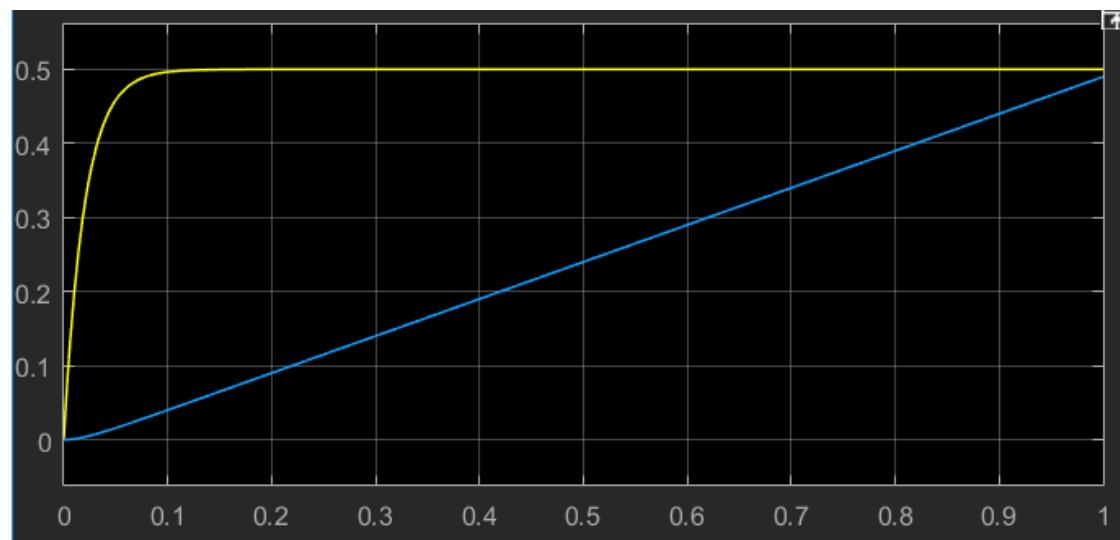
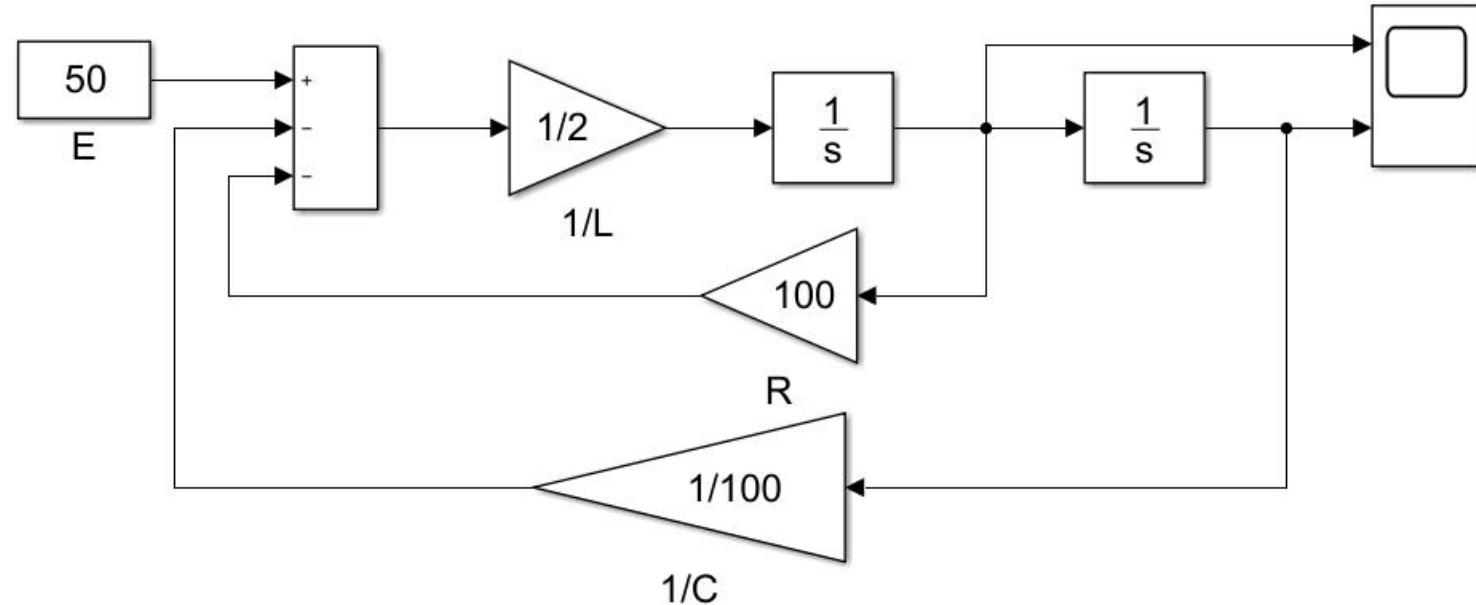
$L=2 \text{ H}$ ,  
 $R=100 \text{ Ohm}$ ;  
 $C=100 \text{ F}$   
 $E=50 \text{ V}$

$$L \frac{di}{dt} = e - Ri - \frac{1}{C} \int i dt$$





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