1. There are harsh fights all over the world these days; we urgently need _____ especially in the Middle East.
   a) piece   b) exploration   c) space   d) peace   e) fame

2. The fireman managed to get the little girl out of fire _____ without any injuries.
   a) regularly   b) poorly   c) lazily   d) angrily   e) safely

3. When I fell down in front of so many people at the party, I felt so _____ last night.
   a) proud   b) exhausted   c) scruffy   d) useful   e) embarrassed

4. Because the village has been lack of clean drinking water and sanitation, fifteen children have been _____ so far.
   a) won   b) infected   c) recovered   d) fired   e) improved

5. The firemen arrived at the scene just in 7 minutes and _____ the fire.
   a) put out   b) sorted out   c) paid back   d) cut down   e) dropped out

6. She has been afraid of _____ since her early childhood.
   a) darker   b) darken   c) darkly   d) darkened   e) darkness

7. The poor man suffered from cancer, but _____ he has recovered from the disease.
   a) unfortunately   b) hopelessly   c) frequently   d) fortunately   e) aimlessly

8. With the opening of new schools, the number of _____ people in the country has started to decrease.
   a) illiterate   b) remote   c) innocent   d) disastrous   e) passionate

9. The company for which he works is famous_____ its high volume of export.
   a) behind   b) from   c) on   d) for   e) between

10. I showed my father a picture of the car _____ I am going to buy as soon as I save enough money.
    a) whom   b) of which   c) that   d) whose   e) who

11. When all the doors _____ to him about his job, he _____ to leave the country and start a new life abroad.
    a) are closed / had been decided   b) had been closed / decided   c) have closed / will be decided
    d) closed / is deciding   e) will be closed / had decided

12. I have lived here _____ 2013, but I haven’t been able to adapt _____.
    a) since / yet   b) for / just   c) already / for   d) yet / just   e) in / over

13. Most of the coffee in the world _____ in Brazil today.
    a) produced   b) produces   c) had been producing   d) was being produced   e) is produced

14. Most people don’t believe in love at first sight, _____ I think the case is not the same with me and my wife.
    a) because   b) so   c) but   d) in spite of   e) due to

15. I’ve been _____ tired these days that I want to take a break for some short holidays.
    a) such   b) so   c) too   d) very   e) a little
16. I think you broke not only your brother’s but also your parents’ hearts. You _____ those words.
   a) should say   b) may be said   c) mustn’t have said   d) shouldn’t have said   e) will say

17. I couldn’t help the students _____ tests were a failure.
   a) who   b) whose   c) when   d) where   e) that

18. You _____ to arrive at work so late if you worked for me.
   a) wouldn’t be allowed   b) will allow   c) won’t be allowed   d) had allowed   e) are allowing

19. Our boss doesn’t allow us _____ personal calls during work hours, so I am planning _____ my boy-friend at lunch time.
   a) made / call   b) make / calling   c) to make / to call   d) making / to calling   e) made / calls

20. I will never forget _____ Madrid. It’s the best city I’ve _____ been to.
   a) visiting / ever   b) to visit / yet   c) visit / since   d) to visiting / still   e) be visited / just

21. When he saw the barking dog, he did ______ . He didn’t move, speak, or shout. A few minutes later, the dog changed its way to ______ else.
   a) something / anything   b) nothing / no one   c) anywhere / nobody   d) nothing / somewhere   e) everything / nothing

22. London is not _____ city in the world, but it offers a good variety of goods in all _____ markets.
   a) the cheap / their   b) the cheapest / its   c) cheaper / much   d) cheapest / more   e) cheap / a little

23. The Story of Google

Google was the brainchild of Larry Page and Sergey Brin. They met in 1995 at Stanford University, USA, while they were studying Computer Science. Although they disagreed on about everything, there was one thing they share: a purpose of making the Internet more user-friendly.

At that time, Internet search engines were slow and complicated. They listed search results according to how often the search term appeared on a page. Larry and Sergey found this disappointing. They thought “Listing search results according to a website’s popularity was a good idea” So, they created a search engine that could calculate the importance of a particular web page. Their family and friends supported them.

While they were developing the engine, Larry and Sergey realised that the engine needed a catchy name. They were inspired by a mathematic word, “googol” which means “1 followed by a hundred zeros”. They thought it was a really good name, considering the endless amount of information available on the Net, and so “googol” became “google”.

In 1998, Larry and Sergey located their office in a friend’s garage and Google went online. Soon, they were answering thousands of search requests per day. People really liked Google’s simple design and, of course, its speedy performance! Before long, Sergey and Larry moved their operations to “Googleplex”.

In 2000, Google introduced ten foreign language versions and officially became the world’s most popular search engine. Google now responds to about a billion search requests per day and its success shows no sign of fading. For most people who are looking for information, Google is the place to go!

23. What subject did Larry and Sergey study at university?
   a) Computer Technologies   b) Internet Technologies   c) Science Studies   d) Computer Science   e) Search Engine Technologies

24. What was the common aim for those men?
   a) To make friends use the internet   b) To agree about everything   c) To make the internet easier for users   d) To use the internet more than before   e) To reach millions of Google users

25. Which following idea did they believe a good one?
   a) Ordering search results according to the number of times the search term appeared on a page.
b) Ordering search results according to a website’s popularity.

c) Listing search results according to a website’s origin.

d) Caring the alphabetical order of websites’ names.

e) Users must choose their own criteria for searching.

26. Page and Brin thought “google” was a good name because _________________.

a) it resembled “googol” and meant infinite amount of information

b) it would attract a lot of mathematicians to visit the search engine

c) it was a cheerful and an unforgettable name

d) google is a sea gadget to search underwater

e) it was difficult to remember it

27. Today, how many search requests does Google answer in a day?

a) A hundred requests

b) A million requests

c) A thousand requests

d) A billion requests

e) Ten requests

28. Which of the following has the same meaning as “catchy” in the third paragraph?

a) freezing

b) boring

c) weak

d) poor

e) popular

29-31. sorularda, sırasıyla okunduğunda anlam bütünlüğünü bozan ifadeyi bulunuz.

29. (I) If you are enthusiastic about diving, you should come to Coron Island in the Philippines for a holiday of a lifetime. (II) You will enjoy diving and snorkelling in the crystal blue waters and even see lots of underwater treasures. (III) Local fishermen will welcome you and also act as guides to the various underwater dive sites. (IV) When you dive, you can see many sunken ships in the waters of Coron Island. (V) The World War II brought dramatic destructions to Japan.

a) I   b) II   c) III   d) IV   e) V

30. (I) Neil Armstrong took an interest in aviation from a young age. (II) There have been rumours that first manned travel to the moon in 1969 isn’t real. (III) He decided to study Aeronautical Engineering at university. (IV) Shortly after completing his degree, Armstrong joined a government agency which is later called NASA. (V) In 1962, he entered the astronaut programme at NASA and was chosen to go to the moon on Apollo 11.

a) I   b) II   c) III   d) IV   e) V

31. (I) On my last holiday, I visited Warwick Castle which has a frightening dungeon. (II) When I walked through a dark passageway to enter the dungeon, the first thing I saw was a scary woman with medieval clothes. (III) I do a lot of sightseeing around the city and really enjoy myself. (IV) Then, I walked through the amazing labyrinth of the lost mirror maze. (V) I jumped a few times at sudden noises when walking in the labyrinth and saw my own reflection in the mirrors.

a) I   b) II   c) III   d) IV   e) V

32. Computers are machines that can only understand numerical information. They translate ideas into numbers. _______________. Programmers must think logically when they use these computer languages so that their programs will be understood by these machines. Also, programs must be written carefully so that the computer commands or instructions will be performed in the correct order.

a) To do this, ideas are written in computer languages such as Cobol, and Pascal

b) Today, many computer users just play pc games

c) Computer programmers generally have well-paid jobs

d) Students prefer to study computer engineering mostly

e) Old learners had difficulty using laptops.

33. From the very beginning of time, people have been fascinated by flight. However, the science of flight took hundreds of years to develop. _______________. Some jumped with wings and others without wings, and still others made balloons. With these trials, theories developed and these theories turned into real inventions. In 1903, the Wright Brothers made the first airplane.

a) Today, people prefer travelling by plane more
b) Many children may have hearing problems after flights  
c) The first people tried many things to fly  
d) Flight attendants in France went on strike to have better conditions  
e) A lot of people are afraid of flying

34. _____________. The major cause of such a large destruction in the city was that most of the houses were built of wood. Another reason was the closeness of the settlements to each other. Also, the narrow roads caused the fire to spread fast. Moreover, the mayor of the city at the time was blamed because he hadn’t accepted the idea of pulling down the houses in the path of the fire.

a) The Great Fire destroyed much of London for several reasons  
b) In 2012, the Olympic Games were held in London  
c) In 1906, San Francisco was struck by a massive earthquake  
d) İstanbul often experiences great fires  
e) In 2001, New Yorkers witnessed the biggest terrorist attack in the history

35. You wouldn’t have twisted your ankle if _________________.
   a) you will be disappointed  
   b) I would help you with the cleaning  
   c) the weather gets hotter  
   d) you’d walked carefully on the ice  
   e) I stayed at home

36. Because there was an electric cut in the building, _________________.
   a) he’ll lose his job  
   b) I couldn’t watch the news on TV  
   c) she’s going to move to a new flat  
   d) don’t let anyone into the room  
   e) it’s cheaper to use it

37. We’d already set off _________________.
   a) when the taxi driver arrived  
   b) as soon as I call you  
   c) so we can’t wait anymore  
   d) however it’s going to be rainy  
   e) if he’d seen you

38. ________________ after I play a game of tennis with Sue.
   a) I’ve just reached my destination  
   b) They’ve had a big argument  
   c) Her parents always refuse to let her go out  
   d) I feel really exhausted  
   e) He didn’t do anything wrong

39. ________________ still smell beautiful.
   a) I know the way  
   b) That was the woman  
   c) They lost the match which  
   d) I always remember the time when  
   e) The flowers that you bought for me last week

40. New Zealand was the first country in the world to give women in 1893 the right to vote.
   a) 1893’ten beri kadınlar Yeni Zelanda’dan seçme hakkına sahiptirler.  
   b) Yeni Zelanda kadınlarına 1893’te ilk seçme hakkını veren ülkelerden biridir.
c) Yeni Zelanda 1893’te kadınlara seçme hakkı veren dünyadaki ilk ülkediydi.
d) Kadınlardan ilk oylarını 1893’te Yeni Zelanda’da kullandular.
e) 1893’te kadınlar sadece Yeni Zelanda’da oyu kullanmışlardır.

41. Whatever decision the court gives, the public will always regard him as guilty.
   a) Mahkemenin kararına rağmen, herkes onu hâlâ suçlu olarak görüyor.
   b) Mahkeme ne karar verirse versin, halk onu daima suçlu olarak görebilir.
   c) Herkesin onu suçlaması, mahkemenin vereceği kararı etkilemeyecek.
   d) Onun suçu ile ilgili olarak mahkemenin vereceği kararı herkes merakla bekliyor.
   e) Mahkeme cezai vermemesine rağmen, o yine de herkesin gözünde suçlu olacaktır.

42. When studying on the words in a certain language, we must consider the scientific terms carefully.
   a) Bir dilin sözcükleri üzerinde çalışırken bilimsel terimler göz ardı edilebilir.
   b) Bilimsel terimler, bir dilin sözcükleri üzerinde çalışırken bizi zorlar.
   c) Bir dilin sözcükleri üzerinde çalışırken bilimsel terimler üzerinde dikkatle durmamız lazımdır.
   d) Terimler üzerinde durmak bir dilin sözcükleri üzerinde çalışırken tercih edilir.
   e) Bir dilin sözcükleri ve terimleri üzerine yapılan çalışma bilimseldir.

43. Vali olarak atandığından beri, bu çalışan adam şehri geliştirmek için mümkün olan her şeyi yaptı.
   a) This man has been doing nothing to develop the city since he was appointed as the governor.
   b) Since he was appointed as the governor, this hardworking man has done everything possible to develop
      the city.
   c) Because this hardworking man has done anything possible to improve the city, he was elected the
      governor.
   d) This studious man did everything for the city after he became the governor.
   e) Until he was appointed, this hardworking man had done few things possible for the city.

44. Bir öğrenci öğretmen ile yakın bir ilişki kurmaya çalıştığında, öğrencinin arkadaşları bu davranışa genellikle
    şüphe ile bakar.
   a) Whenever a teacher suspects of the students’ close relationship with other students, he asks for an
      explanation.
   b) A student’s classmates generally respect a relationship with the teacher.
   c) If a student is close to a teacher, the students’ classmates don’t like this.
   d) You build a close relationship with the teacher for good purposes, but the classmates may consider this
      bad.
   e) When a student tries to establish a close relationship with the teacher, the students’ friends usually
      view this with suspicion.

   a) When Hiroshima and Nagasaki were bombarded, the Second World War ended at once.
   b) The Second World War ended gradually with the atomic bombs from the cities of Hiroshima and
      Nagasaki.
   c) The bombing of the cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki may have brought the end of the Second World
      War.
   d) Hiroshima and Nagasaki were destroyed during the Second World War.
   e) Until the atomic bombs were dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, the Second World War had ended
      suddenly.

46-50. sorularda, boşluğa gelecek en iyi seçeneği bulunuz.

Many immigrants came to the U.S. from Ireland. They brought their favourite holidays with them. They invite
Americans ____ (46) are not Irish to celebrate these holidays, too. ____ (47) the holidays is Saint Patrick’s Day. St. Patrick is the Patron Saint of Ireland. He ____ (48) Christianity to the Irish people in the 5th century. St. Patrick’s Day is March 17. The holiday is very joyful. There are many parades. Irish people wear green. This shows their pride in being Irish. Other people wear green, too, to be “Irish for a day.” There are many parties, with Irish-
American foods (49) Irish stew or corned beef and cabbage. People sometimes add green colouring (50) food. Cake, mashed potatoes, ice cream, milk, and even beer may be green on St. Patrick’s Day.

46. a) whose  b) where  c) who  d) which  e) why

47. a) Some  b) Most  c) Few  d) A little  e) One of

48. a) was bringing  b) bring  c) is bringing  d) brought  e) will bring

49. a) due to  b) that  c) such as  d) as if  e) as soon as

50. a) between  b) with  c) about  d) of  e) to

BAŞARILAR

08.09.2015 YENİ ÖĞRENCİLER 1.YETERLİK SİNAVI

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